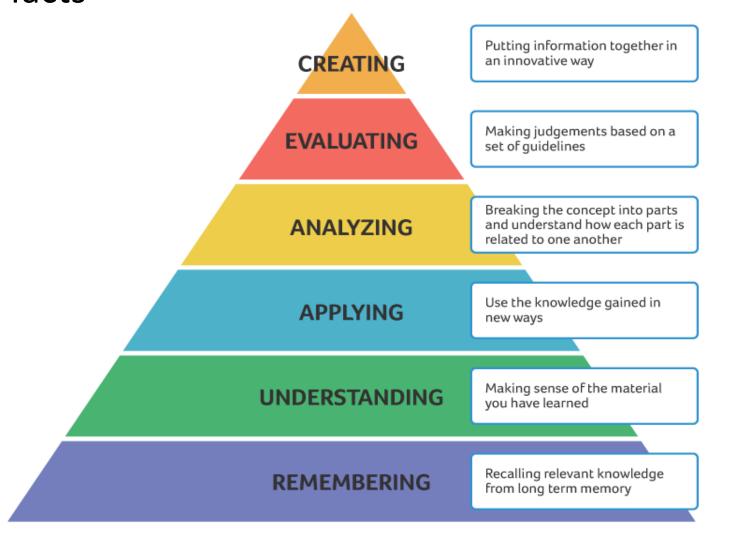
# Argyll and Bute Collaborative Action Research (CAR)

#### The context

- Four schools Rosneath, Garelochhead, John Logie Baird, Colgrain Primary Schools
- Use of Pupil Equity Funding
- Shared evaluation of practice
- Joint planning
- Work with University of Glasgow, Robert Owen Centre

# **Bloom's Taxonomy**

Higher order thinking skills – do something with the facts



# **Structure of presentations:**

- Question
- Process
- Information / data collected
- What difference(s) did we see?

#### Question

Through the implementation of Bloom's Taxonomy, how can effective questioning techniques improve reading comprehension?

**Evelyn, Dorothy and Christine** 

#### The Process

- Context space
- Agree experience and outcome and learning intentions
- Assess children using two reading passages fiction and non-fiction
- Set up variety of differentiated tasks e.g.
  - Create flipbook
  - Summarise texts
  - Create questions about text and space raps
- Children re-assessed at end of block of learning

# Analysing

Compare, attribute, organise, deconstruct



- Which events could not have happened?
- What do you see as other possible outcomes?
- What was the turning point of the story?
- Design a questionnaire to gather information
- Write an advert to sell a new product

- Make a flow chart to show the critical stages
- Construct a graph to illustrate selected information
- Make a family tree showing relationships
- Devise a play about the topic
- Prepare a report about the area of study

# Evaluating

Check, critique, judge, hypothesis



- Is there a better solution to...?
- Was the main character a good or bad person? Why?
- List 5 strengths & 5
   weaknesses of the main character or plot
- Conduct a debate about an issue from the book

- Make a booklet about 5
  rules you see as important.
  Convince others
- What changes would you make to turn the bad guy into the hero?
- How would you rate this book and recommend it to others?

# Creating - Design, construct, plan, produce

- Invent a machine to do a specific task from the story
- Create a new product based on your story.
   Give it a name & plan a marketing campaign
- Design a CD, book or magazine cover for the story

- Write about your feelings in relation to the story
- Rewrite the ending of the story changing it from happy to sad or vice versa
- Compose a song relating to part of the story
- Rewrite the story, changing the to a fantasy or futuristic setting

#### Information / data collected

- Written evidence flipbooks, creating questions about text, summaries of texts
- Predicting...what happened next?
- Presenting to others
- Two stars and a wish from the teacher and from peers for Space Raps
- The children completed evaluations

#### Points to consider

- Planning time to plan together
- The spacing of lesson visits
- The benefits of visiting each colleagues' classroom
- Children appeared to enjoy having other teachers involved in their learning
- The process motivated us to make the learning more meaningful and focussed
- Developing shared resources was beneficial
- We evaluated and improved the targeted lesson through Lesson Study

#### What difference did we see?

Children felt the following strategies were helpful:

- Skimming and scanning
- Highlighting
- Summarising and note taking which all develops higher order thinking skills

Overall most of the children made progress in their reading comprehension.

# A CAR poem

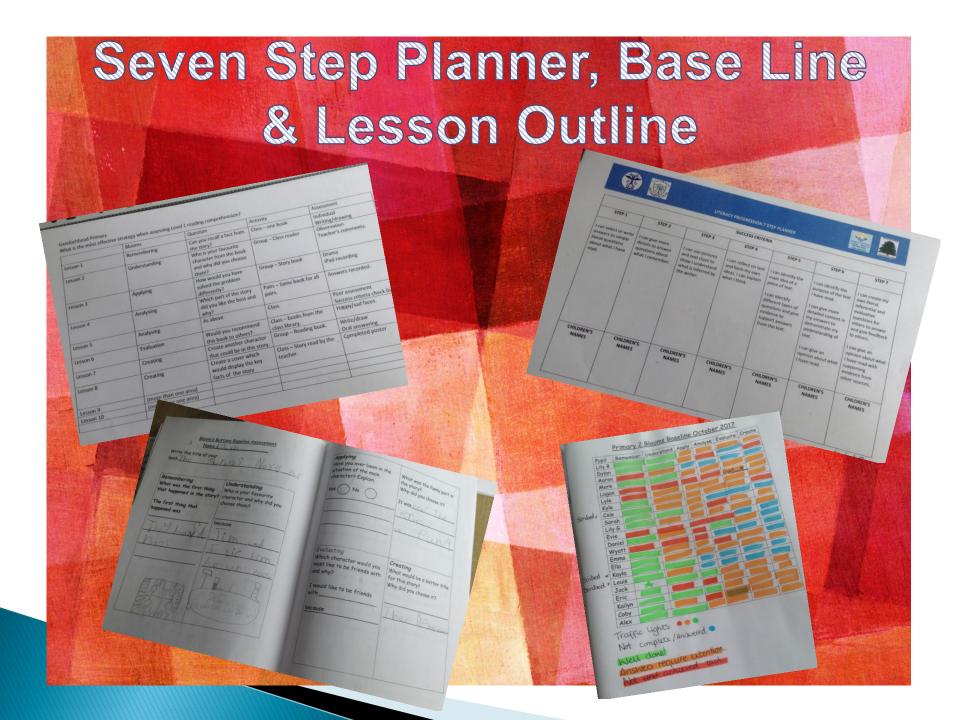
#### **Question:**

Can effective evidence be gathered using *Bloom's Buttons* questioning to show progression towards First Level?

# Gwyn Simons, Moira Johnstone, Emily McKay, Gillian Paton

#### **Process:**

- Smaller groups were formed.
- A question was decided.
- > 10 lessons
- Research
- 7-step planner
- Lessons conducted
- Observations and reflections
- Assessments



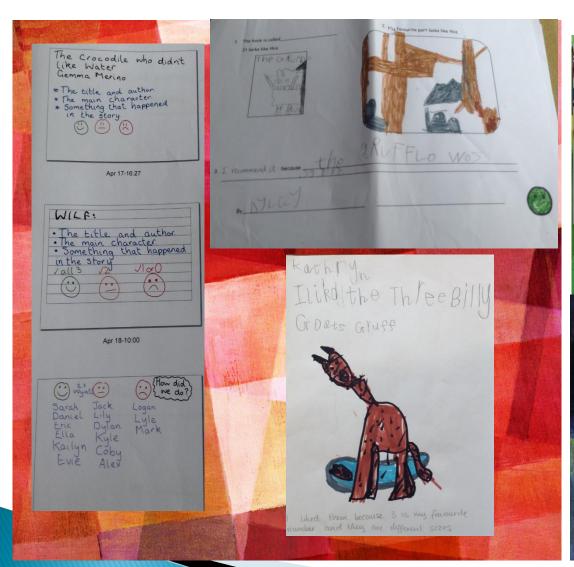
# **Challenges:**

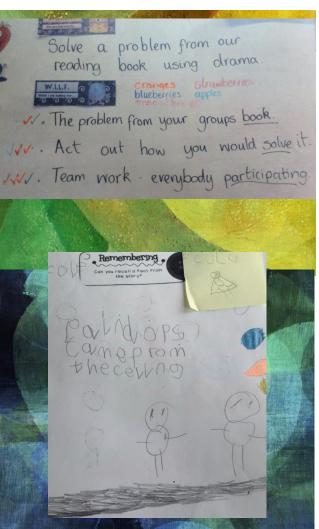
- Time to liaise with group
- Ensuring the learning was appropriate for all readers
- Wide range of classes (Primaries 1-4)
- Quantifying what we found out

#### Information / data collected:

- Assessments 6 Bloom's Buttons questions (1 from each area)
- Some questions required a series of lessons
- Boys usually chose non-fiction texts and girls chose fiction
- Success criteria had to be simplified and more focused
- Variety of assessments e.g. happy / sad faces
- Balance between comprehension and word skills
- Blooms questions used with differentiated reading books, class novel, individual texts

# **Examples of Work/Assessment Strategies**





### What differences did we see?

#### The children:

All children demonstrated a more in-depth understanding in reading. This was seen through a variety of assessments. It is likely that other strategies also contributed to this too.

#### What differences did we see?

#### **Our practice:**

- Increased engagement in reading comprehension activities
- Increased enjoyment of reading observed, particularly when using a class novel.
- Increased opportunities for developing writing
- Opportunities for whole class teaching activities were more effective in including all learners
- Increased opportunities to develop cooperative working
- More clarity in teachers' understanding of how to assess reading comprehension.
- Greater use of creative and engaging ways to approach reading comprehension and assessments
- Some assessments that we used were more effective than others. Bloom's Buttons is just one tool to be used alongside other assessments.

## **Question:**

Is *Bloom's Bears* an effective strategy for developing reading comprehension in the Early Years?

Lorna Gillespie, Kirsty Robertson

# What did we want out of this project?

- To broaden our children's experiences of reading comprehension
- To deepen thinking and enquiry skills
- To enhance creative experiences
- To teach with real books real books create real readers
- To raise attainment in reading

#### **Process**

- \*Research
- \*Seven Step Planner
- \*Planned together series of lessons
- \*Assessed the children before and after
- \*Observed each other's lessons

## Information / data collected

- \* Assessment scores
- \* Examples of a variety pupil work written, pictorial and oral
- \* Teacher observations both in our own classes and each others
- \* Photographs of class displays

### Points to consider...

\*How do we quantify assessment results?

\*Would the children have progressed anyway through the natural course of teaching and learning?

### What difference did we see?

- \*Better quality and depth of children's discussions
- \* New whole class approach to teaching reading comprehension
- \*Increased engagement from all children
- \*Parents are engaging more with books and story time at home
- \*Children are drawn more to the class library
- \*Bloom's Bears was an effective strategy for developing reading comprehension
- \*Still a need for a progressive, structured reading scheme

### 1: QUESTION

Is a whole class novel an effective way to improve children's reading comprehension?

Emma, Adam, Caroline, Ali

### 2: PROCESS

- 2 weekly reading lessons w. set structure
  - 1<sup>st</sup> lesson vocabulary and retrieval (with prediction)
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> lesson inference
- Reading in a circle, random turn taken, timing of questioning pre-planned
- Question cards & experiments in gamification
  - Tokens / cards to be won or lost.

# 3: INFORMATION COLLECTED

 Baseline assessment using Bug Club to identify area of focus.

Pupil voice throughout

#### 4: WHAT DIFFERENCES HAVE WE SEEN

#### The children said...

- "I like class novels because it gave everybody a challenge."
- "I like the cards because sometimes it is easier to speak an answer than write it."
- "I definitely preferred the whole class novel because I was able to hear other peoples opinions and that helped me form my answers.
- "I preferred class novels because I thought the cards were a creative way of getting peoples thoughts out on the book and I liked that the whole class got to speak.
- "I liked using the cards because you got to see what you were good at. I was a good proposer."

#### 4: WHAT DIFFERENCES HAVE WE SEEN

#### **Practitioners' observations**

Compared to Group Carousels this approach was:

- Easier to manage
- More time reading, discussing
- Equality evident
- Improved engagement
- Deeper level of discussion
- Better listening
- Children took ownership
- Beneficial to see other practitioners' classrooms